# Outline of the joint Swedish and Danish fisheries research/fishing industry survey for cod in the Kattegat 

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## Introduction

Since 2003 the cod fishery in Kattegat has been restricted by steadily decreasing quotas due to low abundance of cod estimated from the cod assessment. ICES consider, however, the cod assessment in Kattegat uncertain due to the catch data quality and the analytic assessment has not been accepted by ACFM in recent years. The assessment has shown a discrepancy between the estimated fishing mortality and the reported landings and ICES assumed that the majority of the unallocated mortality was caused by discard, but other factors such as migration, non reported landings and reallocation of catches also could be part of the problem. Furthermore, the surveys conducted at present in the Kattegat area are not very suited for estimation of cod abundance mainly due to the low coverage and sampling intensity. The abundance estimate in the areas is hence rather uncertain and only shows trends in stock development, and the assessment of the cod stock would, without doubt, benefit significantly from a survey directly aimed at cod. The 5 August 2006 a tender was submitted by Swedish Board of Fisheries, Institute of Marine Research (IMR-SE) in response to the open call for tenders, Reference No FISH/2006/15 Studies and Pilot projects for carrying out the common fisheries policy, Lot No 3: "Evaluation of the pilot effort regime in Kattegat" from Directorate-General for Fisheries and Maritime Affairs.

Both Swedish and Danish scientists and the fishermen's organisations aggress that the poor survey quality hampers the assessment of the cod stock in Kattegat and an expert group consisting of people from the fisherman's organisations and scientists has designed an improved survey. The initiative has been taken by the LOT 3 project group and was originally a strictly Swedish project. However, the involvement of Denmark has been considered as an improvement of the project and the survey has been designed in all details in agreement between fishers and scientists from both countries.

## The goal

The goal of the Kattegat cod survey is to estimate the abundance, biomass and distribution of cod and to establish a fisheries independent time series of catch and effort series. Furthermore, a recruitment index will be established. The results should be used, together with commercial catch and effort data to strengthen the scientific advice on the cod stock in Kattegat. The survey will also monitor the amount and distribution of cod within the proposed "closed area" in order to analyse the effect of the closure.

## Restrictions

The 4 commercial trawlers participating in the survey conduct the survey without any restrictions in the vessels quota, days at sea regulation and with dispensation from all by-catch regulations.

## Survey design

## Survey area

The survey area is restricted to the Kattegat area covering from Skagen, to the Tistlarna lighthouse and in south by an south-eastwards line between Ellekilde Hage and Lerbjerg and south-westwards
by a line between Gniben og Hassensør on Djursland.. Further, the area is restricted by the 20 m depth contour line and the area is split in areas "North" and "South" (Fig. 1).
However, in two fjords Laholmsbugten and Skældervigen fishing at stations shallower than 20 meter will take place and 1 or two stations will be placed in a small area in The Sound "Kilen"..

## Survey method and stratification

The survey is designed as a random stratified bottom trawl survey. The survey area is stratified in three strata: a stratum with high cod density, a stratum with medium density and a stratum with low cod density based on information from the fishers. Each stratum is further subdivided in $5 * 5 \mathrm{~nm}$ squares (Fig. 1). Most stations according to the area are allocated to the high density stratum. In the forthcoming years stations will be allocated to the different strata in order to minimize the variance of the estimation of the cod biomass. The survey design allows a post-stratification of the survey area if necessary without loosing comparability with previous surveys and hence to take changes in the main focus area into account if the stock distribution is changing between years or the stock is increasing or decreasing.

## Station (tow) location

The survey is planed with in average 3.3 trawl hauls per day in 6 days for each of the 4 vessels i.e in total 80 trawl hauls. The hauls are allocated randomly to the $5 * 5 \mathrm{~nm}$ squares and each vessel is allocated 20 different squares. In the high and medium density strata several vessels are allowed to fish in the same square. In the low density stratum only one haul is allowed in each square. Furthermore the low density area is divided in a Southern and Northern area.

Numbers of stations by vessel, stratum and area

| Ship | High density | Medium density | Low density (South) | Low density (North) | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Den $_{1}$ | 6 | 8 | 6 |  | 20 |
| Den $_{2}$ | 6 | 8 |  | 6 | 20 |
| Swe $_{1}$ | 6 | 8 | 6 |  | 20 |
| Swe $_{2}$ | 6 | 8 |  | 6 | 20 |

## Target species

The survey is directed to demersale species in Kattegat, but designed for cod. The catch of all species is, however, recorded and the survey results are also made available for the assessment of sole, plaice and Norwegian lobster.

## Survey period

The survey will take place during November 22 - December 10-2010. There is planned with 6 fishing days for each vessel. The survey period can, however, be extended in case of bad weather or technical problems. Trawling is restricted to 15 min . before sunrise to 15 min . after sun set.

## Vessels and Fishing gear

Vessels
The survey is conducted by three commercial chartered trawlers and 1 scientific vesel, two covering the northern and two the southern area, respectively. Two vessels are Swedish and the other two are Danish. The vessels have been appointed due to the similarity in engine power, length and applicability for scientific investigations. Further, it has been taken into considerations that the owner of the vessel will participate in the surveys in the future. In 2010 one of the Danish commercial vessel was sold and Havfisken, the Danish scientific vessel was included instead after a thorough discussion with the seine maker.

## DK-Vessel 1

| Danish participant | 1 (Havfisken) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Engine (KW): | 368 kW |
| Tonnage (BRT): | 20 |
| Length (m): | 13 |
| Door type/size |  |
| Owner | DTU - Aqua |

## DK-Vessel 2

Danish participant
Engine (KW):
Tonnage (BRT):
Length (m):
Door type/size
Owner

2 (FN370- Susanne H)
220 kW
52.6
18.4

Hans Jørgen Hansen

## SW-Vessel 1

| Swedish participant | 1 (VG $37-$ Ganler) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Engine (KW): | 373 kW |
| Tonnage (BRT): | 74 |
| Length (m): | 17.94 |
| Door type/size |  |
| Owner | Kjell Svahn |

## SW-Vessel 2

Swedish participant
Engine (KW):
Tonnage (BRT):
Length (m):
Door type/size

2 (VG 104 - Tärnan)
272 kW
68
15.73

Gear
The trawl is a commercial bottom trawl provided by the LOT 3 project.
Trawl (see annex): A Swedish TV-trawl 112 ft 24-464
13 pieces of 8 '' balls and 16 pieces of $6^{\prime \prime}$ balls.
4 thumps rubber discs at 10 cm
Mesh size in cod end: 70 mm stretch mesh.
Otter boards: 64"-66" "Thyborøn"
Warp: 35 mm .
Mellem liner der benyttes må i 2010 varierer i længden mellem 54 og 154 meter. "Grimdelen" på 27 meter skal bi- beholdes hvilket gives en total længde på mellem 81 og 181 meter. Det er bare vigtigt at notere hvor lang en line der er benyttet.

The trawls are checked continuously during the survey.

## Fishing operation

Within each square the skipper decides on the best way to fish at the location (e.g. exact position, tow direction). Such an approach has been used successfully in the north-eastern North Sea and the Skagerrak in comparable projects (Wieland et al. 2008).
Maximum 5 min of the total trawling time should be outside the allocated square. If the 5 minutes are exceeded the haul should be terminated.Trawl procedure:

Towing time: 60 min (towing time down to 20 min is accepted).
Towing speed: Between 2.7 kn . and 3.4 over the seabed, but speed should not vary within a station.
Hauls start: when the trawl is considered going stable on the bottom, roughly 5-7 min after wires are connected.
Haul end: when hauling back starts.
Trawled distance: is estimated from the plotter.

## Sampling of catch

There will be two technicians/scientists from DTU-Aqua (Danish vessels) or from Fiskeriværket (Swedish vessels), who will be responsible for processing the catch, on board each vessel.
However, the crew should help the scientific staff whenever possible.
The catch will be processed in accordance with BITS standard operating procedures for trawl surveys. After each haul the catch is sorted by species and weighed to nearest 0.1 kg and the number of specimens recorded. All fish species are measured as total length (TL) to 1.0 cm below. Norwegian lobster is measured in mm.

Cod otoliths ( 2 per cm group) are sampled for age determination by each vessel in each of the two areas.

Additional scientific samples can be collected if requested (genetic, tagging, frozen samples, etc.).

## Screening of data

All trawl data (position, wingspread, towing speed etc.) and catch and length frequency data on sole, cod, plaice and Norwegian lobster are screened for unrealistic figures before further estimations.

## Data

Data are stored in a standard data base and can will, if the survey continues, be uploaded to the ICES DATRAS system.

## Estimation of stock indices

CPUE
CPUE is estimated as mean catch ( kg or number) per hour (cod also number by age per hour).

## Biomass and abundance

Hence no stations are deeper than 100 m , biomass and abundance is estimated for depths between 20 and 100 m . The survey area is stratified in density strata and the area between 20 and 100 m has been estimated. The total survey area is $19037.6 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ (Table 1).

Biomass and abundance estimates is based on the randomly selected stations and obtained by applying the swept area method:

Swept area $=($ estimated trawling speed $* 1.852) *$ wing spread $*$ trawling time/60
using the recorded towing speed, wing spread and trawling time and taking the catchability coefficient as 1.0 and the stratum area as weighting factor (Cohran, 1977).

All catches are standardized to $1 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ swept prior to further calculations.

## Reporting

The survey results are reported to WGBAFS as a working document. The document includes information about aerial distribution, CPUE, biomass, abundance and length frequencies on cod, sole, plaice and Norwegian lobster together with age distribution of cod.

## References

Cochran, W.G. 1977. Sampling Techniques. Third edition. Wiley \& Sons.
ICES. 2005. Report of the Workshop on Survey Design and Data Analysis (WKSAD). ICES CM 2005/ B:07, 174 pp .

Wieland, K. and Storr-Paulsen, M. 2006. Effect of tow duration on catch and size composition of Northern shrimp (Pandalus borealis) and Greenland halibut (Reinhardtius hippoglossoides) in the West Greenland Bottom trawl survey. Fisheries Research 78: 276-285.

Wieland, K., E.M. Fenger Pedersen, H.J. Olesen \& J.E. Beyer (2008): Survey results from a Danish collaborative biologist-fishermen project on spatially-explicit management methods (REX) for North Sea cod. Working document, ICES WGNSSK, 7.-13. May 2008.

Fig. 1. Distribution of hauls by type and ICES squares. The yellow colour indicate stations from the southern Danish vessel.

Fig. 2. Distribution of hauls by type and ICES squares. The green colour indicate stations from the northern Danish vessel.

Fig. 3. Distribution of hauls by type and ICES squares. The red colour indicate stations from the northern Swedish vessel.

Fig. 4. Distribution of hauls by type and ICES squares. The blue colour indicate stations from the southern Swedish vessel.


Figure 1. The re-stratified areas with high (green), medium (yellow) and low (red) cod biomass.


| stat | lat |  | long |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 68 | 56,11718 | 10,98072 |  |
| 69 | 56,20033 | 10,98501 |  |
| 91 | 56,19785 | 11,13415 |  |
| 138 | 56,44170 | 11,44828 |  |
| 157 | 56,18931 | 11,58144 |  |
| 158 | 56,27243 | 11,58704 |  |
| 190 | 57,10016 | 11,79737 |  |
| 211 | 57,01358 | 11,94343 |  |
| 225 | 56,34533 | 12,04162 |  |
| 232 | 56,92684 | 12,08881 |  |
| 233 | 57,00990 | 12,09570 |  |
| 247 | 56,34156 | 12,19120 |  |
| 271 | 56,50372 | 12,35536 |  |
| 295 | 56,66564 | 12,52094 |  |
| 209 | 56,84742 | 11,93037 |  |
| 250 | 56,59075 | 12,21219 |  |
| 251 | 56,67381 | 12,21926 |  |
| 252 | 56,75687 | 12,22637 |  |
| 253 | 56,83993 | 12,23352 |  |
| 273 | 56,66982 | 12,37012 |  |

Figure and table 2. Positions for the Danish vessel Havfisken in the South western area.


| stat | lat | long |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 162 | 56,60486 | 11,60973 |
| 179 | 56,18611 | 11,73047 |
| 202 | 56,26582 | 11,88572 |
| 223 | 56,17917 | 12,02845 |
| 269 | 56,33762 | 12,34075 |
| 292 | 56,41653 | 12,49787 |
| 169 | 57,18657 | 11,65063 |
| 185 | 56,68470 | 11,76648 |
| 204 | 56,43200 | 11,89831 |
| 205 | 56,51509 | 11,90465 |
| 227 | 56,51148 | 12,05492 |
| 233 | 57,00990 | 12,09570 |
| 293 | 56,49957 | 12,50551 |
| 315 | 56,49524 | 12,65563 |
| 206 | 56,59817 | 11,91103 |
| 207 | 56,68126 | 11,91744 |
| 250 | 56,59075 | 12,21219 |
| 251 | 56,67381 | 12,21926 |
| 253 | 56,83993 | 12,23352 |
| 274 | 56,75287 | 12,37756 |

Figure and table 3. Positions for the Swedish vessel VG 104 Tärnan in the South eastern area.


stat | lat |  | long |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 41 | 57,53518 | 10,74764 |
| 42 | 57,61832 | 10,75163 |
| 62 | 57,44981 | 10,89790 |
| 64 | 57,61608 | 10,90656 |
| 107 | 57,52791 | 11,21130 |
| 108 | 57,61103 | 11,21635 |
| 170 | 57,26966 | 11,65660 |
| 183 | 56,51851 | 11,75435 |
| 212 | 57,09665 | 11,95002 |
| 228 | 56,59455 | 12,06163 |
| 232 | 56,92684 | 12,08881 |
| 248 | 56,42463 | 12,19816 |
| 270 | 56,42067 | 12,34803 |
| 295 | 56,66564 | 12,52094 |
| 207 | 56,68126 | 11,91744 |
| 209 | 56,84742 | 11,93037 |
| 229 | 56,67763 | 12,06837 |
| 250 | 56,59075 | 12,21219 |
| 251 | 56,67381 | 12,21926 |
| 252 | 56,75687 | 12,22637 |

Figure and table 4. Positions for the Danish vessel Susanne H in the North western area.


| stat | lat |  | long |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 162 | 56,60486 | 11,60973 |  |
| 179 | 56,18611 | 11,73047 |  |
| 202 | 56,26582 | 11,88572 |  |
| 223 | 56,17917 | 12,02845 |  |
| 269 | 56,33762 | 12,34075 |  |
| 292 | 56,41653 | 12,49787 |  |
| 169 | 57,18657 | 11,65063 |  |
| 185 | 56,68470 | 11,76648 |  |
| 204 | 56,43200 | 11,89831 |  |
| 205 | 56,51509 | 11,90465 |  |
| 227 | 56,51148 | 12,05492 |  |
| 233 | 57,00990 | 12,09570 |  |
| 293 | 56,49957 | 12,50551 |  |
| 315 | 56,49524 | 12,65563 |  |
| 206 | 56,59817 | 11,91103 |  |
| 207 | 56,68126 | 11,91744 |  |
| 250 | 56,59075 | 12,21219 |  |
| 251 | 56,67381 | 12,21926 |  |
| 253 | 56,83993 | 12,23352 |  |
| 274 | 56,75287 | 12,37756 |  |

Figure and table 5. Positions for the Swedish vessel VG 37 Ganler in the North eastern area.

Table 1. Area $\left(\mathrm{km}^{2}\right) 20-120 \mathrm{~m}$ depth by depth area.

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| High density | Medium density | Low density | All |
| 16 squares | 34 squares | 68 squares | 118 squares |
| $1372 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ | $2915.5 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ | $5831 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ | $10118.5 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ |

Station allocation

| Station | Ce | center_x | Station | Center_y | enter_x | Station | Center | center_x |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 55.95720 | 10.52753 | 51 | 56.53524 | 10.85190 | 101 | 57.02918 | 11.18159 |
|  | 56.04037 | 10.53082 | 52 | 56.61839 | 10.85597 | 102 | 57.11230 | 11.18647 |
| 2 | 56.12354 | 10.53412 | 53 | 56.70154 | 10.86006 | 103 | 57.19543 | 11.19138 |
| 3 | 56.20670 | 10.53744 | 54 | 56.78469 | 10.86418 | 104 | 57.27855 | 11.19632 |
| 4 | 56.28987 | 10.54078 | 55 | 56.86783 | 10.86831 | 105 | 57.36167 | 11.20129 |
| 5 | 56.37304 | 10.54413 | 56 | 56.95098 | 10.87247 | 106 | 57.44479 | 11.20628 |
| 6 | 56.45620 | 10.54751 | 57 | 57.03412 | 10.87665 | 107 | 57.52791 | 11.21130 |
| 7 | 56.53937 | 10.55090 | 58 | 57.11726 | 10.88086 | 108 | 57.61103 | 11.21635 |
| 8 | 56.62253 | 10.55431 | 59 | 57.20040 | 10.88508 | 109 | 57.69414 | 11.22142 |
| 9 | 56.70569 | 10.55773 | 60 | 57.28354 | 10.88933 | 110 | 55.94578 | 11.26857 |
| 10 | 56.78885 | 10.56118 | 61 | 57.36668 | 10.89360 | 111 | 56.02891 | 11.27345 |
| 11 | 56.87201 | 10.56464 | 62 | 57.44981 | 10.89790 | 112 | 56.11205 | 11.27835 |
| 12 | 56.95516 | 10.56813 | 63 | 57.53295 | 10.90222 | 113 | 56.19518 | 11.28327 |
| 13 | 57.03832 | 10.57163 | 64 | 57.61608 | 10.90656 | 114 | 56.27831 | 11.28823 |
| 14 | 57.12147 | 10.57515 | 65 | 57.69921 | 10.91093 | 115 | 56.36144 | 11.29321 |
| 15 | 57.20463 | 10.57869 | 66 | 55.95088 | 10.97222 | 116 | 56.44457 | 11.29821 |
| 16 | 57.28778 | 10.58225 | 67 | 56.03403 | 10.97646 | 117 | 56.52770 | 11.30325 |
| 17 | 57.37093 | 10.58583 | 68 | 56.11718 | 10.98072 | 118 | 56.61082 | 11.30831 |
| 18 | 57.45408 | 10.58943 | 69 | 56.20033 | 10.98501 | 119 | 56.69395 | 11.31339 |
| 19 | 57.53723 | 10.59304 | 70 | 56.28348 | 10.98931 | 120 | 56.77707 | 11.31851 |
| 20 | 57.62038 | 10.59668 | 71 | 56.36662 | 10.99365 | 121 | 56.8601 | 11.32365 |
| 21 | 57.70352 | 10.60034 | 72 | 56.44977 | 10.99800 | 122 | 56.9433 | 11.32882 |
| 22 | 55.95527 | 10.67578 | 73 | 56.53291 | 11.00237 | 123 | 57.0264 | 11.33402 |
| 23 | 56.03843 | 10.67939 | 74 | 56.61605 | 11.00678 | 124 | 57.10955 | 11.33924 |
| 24 | 56.12160 | 10.68301 | 75 | 56.69919 | 11.01120 | 125 | 57.19266 | 11.34450 |
| 25 | 56.20476 | 10.68665 | 76 | 56.78233 | 11.01565 | 126 | 57.27578 | 11.34978 |
| 26 | 56.28792 | 10.69031 | 77 | 56.86547 | 11.02012 | 127 | 57.35889 | 11.35509 |
| 27 | 56.37108 | 10.69399 | 78 | 56.94861 | 11.02461 | 128 | 57.44200 | 11.36043 |
| 28 | 56.45424 | 10.69769 | 79 | 57.03174 | 11.02913 | 12 | 57.5251 | 11.36580 |
| 29 | 56.53740 | 10.70141 | 80 | 57.11488 | 11.03368 | 130 | 57.6082 | 11.37120 |
| 30 | 56.62055 | 10.70515 | 81 | 57.19801 | 11.03825 | 131 | 57.69132 | 11.37663 |
| 31 | 56.70371 | 10.70891 | 82 | 57.28114 | 11.04284 | 132 | 55.94296 | 11.41671 |
| 32 | 56.78686 | 10.71269 | 83 | 57.36427 | 11.04746 | 133 | 56.02609 | 11.42190 |
| 33 | 56.87001 | 10.71649 | 84 | 57.44740 | 11.05210 | 134 | 56.10921 | 11.42712 |
| 34 | 56.95316 | 10.72031 | 85 | 57.53052 | 11.05677 | 135 | 56.19234 | 11.43237 |
| 35 | 57.03631 | 10.72415 | 86 | 57.61365 | 11.06147 | 136 | 56.27546 | 11.43765 |
| 36 | 57.11946 | 10.72801 | 87 | 57.69677 | 11.06619 | 137 | 56.35858 | 11.44295 |
| 37 | 57.20261 | 10.73190 | 88 | 55.94842 | 11.12041 | 138 | 56.44170 | 11.44828 |
| 38 | 57.28575 | 10.73580 | 89 | 56.03156 | 11.12497 | 139 | 56.52482 | 11.45364 |
| 39 | 57.36890 | 10.73973 | 90 | 56.11470 | 11.12955 | 140 | 56.60793 | 11.45903 |
| 40 | 57.45204 | 10.74367 | 91 | 56.19785 | 11.13415 | 141 | 56.69105 | 11.46445 |
| 41 | 57.53518 | 10.74764 | 92 | 56.28098 | 11.13878 | 142 | 56.77416 | 11.46990 |
| 42 | 57.61832 | 10.75163 | 93 | 56.36412 | 11.14344 | 143 | 56.85727 | 11.47537 |
| 43 | 57.70146 | 10.75565 | 94 | 56.44726 | 11.14812 | 144 | 56.94038 | 11.48088 |
| 44 | 55.95316 | 10.82401 | 95 | 56.53039 | 11.15282 | 145 | 57.02349 | 11.48642 |
| 45 | 56.03632 | 10.82793 | 96 | 56.61353 | 11.15755 | 146 | 57.10660 | 11.49198 |
| 46 | 56.11948 | 10.83188 | 97 | 56.69666 | 11.16231 | 147 | 57.18971 | 11.49758 |
| 47 | 56.20263 | 10.83584 | 98 | 56.77979 | 11.16709 | 148 | 57.27281 | 11.50321 |
| 48 | 56.28579 | 10.83982 | 99 | 56.86292 | 11.17190 | 149 | 57.35592 | 11.50886 |
| 49 | 56.36894 | 10.84383 | 100 | 56.94605 | 11.17673 | 150 | 57.43902 | 11.51455 |

Station Center_y center_x Station Center_y center_x Station Center_y center_x Station Center_y center_x 15257.6052211 .52602 15357.6883111 .53180 15455.9399711 .56482 15556.0230811 .57033 15656.1062011 .57587 15756.1893111 .58144 15856.2724311 .58704 15956.3555411 .59266 16056.4386511 .59832 16156.5217611 .60401 16256.6048611 .60973 16356.6879711 .61548 16456.7710711 .62126 16556.8541711 .62707 16656.9372711 .63291 16757.0203711 .63879 16857.1034711 .64469 16957.1865711 .65063 17057.2696611 .65660 17157.3527611 .66261 17257.4358511 .66864 17357.5189411 .67471 17457.6020311 .68081 17557.6851111 .68695 17655.9367911 .71290 17756.0199011 .71873 17856.1030111 .72459 17956.1861111 .73047 18056.2692111 .73640 18156.3523111 .74235 18256.4354111 .74833 18356.5185111 .75435 18456.6016111 .76040 18556.6847011 .76648 18656.7678011 .77259 18756.8508911 .77873 18856.9339811 .78491 18957.0170711 .79113 19057.1001611 .79737 19157.1832411 .80365 19257.2663311 .80997 19357.3494111 .81632 19457.4324911 .82270 19557.5155711 .82912 19657.5986511 .83557 19757.6817211 .84206 19855.9334411 .86095 19956.0165411 .86709 20056.0996311 .87327
$\begin{array}{lll}202 & 56.26582 & 1 \\ 203 & 56.34891 & 11.8 \\ 20\end{array}$ $20356.34891 \quad 11.8920$ 20456.4320011 .89831 $205 \quad 56.5150911 .90465$ 20656.5981711 .91103 $207 \quad 56.6812611 .91744$ 20856.7643411 .92389 $20956.84742 \quad 11.93037$ $210 \quad 56.93050 \quad 11.93688$ $211 \quad 57.01358 \quad 11.94343$ $212 \quad 57.09665 \quad 11.95002$ $213 \quad 57.17973 \quad 11.95664$ $214 \quad 57.26280 \quad 11.96330$ $215 \quad 57.34587 \quad 11.96999$ $216 \quad 57.4289411 .97672$ $217 \quad 57.51201 \quad 11.98349$ $218 \quad 57.59508 \quad 11.99029$ $219 \quad 57.6781411 .99713$ $22055.92991 \quad 12.00897$ $221 \quad 56.01300 \quad 12.01543$ 22256.0960812 .02192 $223 \quad 56.17917 \quad 12.02845$ 22456.2622512 .03502 $225 \quad 56.34533 \quad 12.04162$ $22656.42840 \quad 12.04825$ $227 \quad 56.51148 \quad 12.05492$ $\begin{array}{lll}228 & 56.59455 & 12.06163 \\ 229 & 56\end{array}$ $229 \quad 56.67763 \quad 12.06837$ $230 \quad 56.76070 \quad 12.07515$ 23156.8437712 .08196 23256.9268412 .08881 $23357.00990 \quad 12.09570$ $234 \quad 57.0929712 .10263$ $235 \quad 57.1760312 .10959$ $236 \quad 57.2590912 .11659$ $237 \quad 57.34215 \quad 12.12363$ $238 \quad 57.42521 \quad 12.13071$ $239 \quad 57.50827 \quad 12.13782$ $240 \quad 57.59132 \quad 12.14498$ $\begin{array}{llll}241 & 57.67437 & 12.15217\end{array}$ $242 \quad 55.92621 \quad 12.15695$ $243 \quad 56.00928 \quad 12.16373$ 24456.0923512 .17054 $245 \quad 56.17542 \quad 12.17739$ 24656.2584912 .18428 $247 \quad 56.34156 \quad 12.19120$ $248 \quad 56.4246312 .19816$ $249 \quad 56.50769 \quad 12.20516$ $250 \quad 56.5907512 .21219$
$\begin{array}{lll}251 & 56.67381 & 12.21926\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}252 & 56.75687 & 12.22637\end{array}$ $253 \quad 56.83993 \quad 12.23352$ $254 \quad 56.92299 \quad 12.24071$ $255 \quad 57.0060412 .24793$ $256 \quad 57.08909 \quad 12.25520$ $257 \quad 57.1721412 .26250$ $\begin{array}{llll}258 & 57.25519 & 12.26984\end{array}$ $259 \quad 57.33824 \quad 12.27723$ $260 \quad 57.4212912 .28465$ $261 \quad 57.5043312 .29212$ $262 \quad 57.58737 \quad 12.29962$ $263 \quad 57.67041 \quad 12.30717$ $264 \quad 55.92232 \quad 12.30490$ $\begin{array}{lll}265 & 56.00538 & 12.31199 \\ 266 & 56.08844 & 12.31913\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}266 & 56.08844 & 12.31913 \\ 267 & 56.17150 & 12.32630\end{array}$ $268 \quad 56.2545612 .33350$ $26956.33762 \quad 12.34075$ $270 \quad 56.42067 \quad 12.34803$ 27156.5037212 .35536 $27256.58677 \quad 12.36272$ 27356.6698212 .37012 27456.7528712 .37756 $275 \quad 56.83591 \quad 12.38504$ $\begin{array}{lll}276 & 56.91895 & 12.39256 \\ 277 & 57.00200 & 12.40013\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}278 & 57.08504 & 12.40773\end{array}$ $279 \quad 57.16807 \quad 12.41537$ $280 \quad 57.25111 \quad 12.42306$ $281 \quad 57.3341412 .43079$ $282 \quad 57.41718 \quad 12.43856$ $283 \quad 57.50021 \quad 12.44637$ $284 \quad 57.58324 \quad 12.45423$ $285 \quad 57.66626 \quad 12.46212$ $286 \quad 55.91826 \quad 12.45281$ $287 \quad 56.00131 \quad 12.46022$ $\begin{array}{lll}288 & 56.08436 & 12.46767\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}289 & 56.16740 & 12.47516\end{array}$ $290 \quad 56.25045 \quad 12.48269$ $291 \quad 56.33349 \quad 12.49026$ 29256.4165312 .49787 29356.4995712 .50551 $29456.58261 \quad 12.51320$ $295 \quad 56.6656412 .52094$ $296 \quad 56.74868 \quad 12.52871$ $297 \quad 56.83171 \quad 12.53652$ $298 \quad 56.9147412 .54438$ $299 \quad 56.99777 \quad 12.55228$ $300 \quad 57.0807912 .56022$
$\begin{array}{ll}301 & 57.16382 \\ 302 & 57.24684 \\ 303 & 57.32986\end{array}$ 12.57623 304 30457.4128812 .59242 30557.4959012 .60058 30657.5789112 .60879 30757.6619212 .61704 $308 \quad 55.9140212 .60069$ 30955.9970612 .60841 31056.0800912 .61618 31156.1631312 .62399 31256.2461612 .63183 $\begin{array}{lll}313 & 56.32919 & 12.63972 \\ 314 & 56.41221 & 12.64766\end{array}$ 31556.4952412 .65563 31656.5782612 .66365 $\begin{array}{lll}317 & 56.66128 & 12.67171\end{array}$ 31856.7443012 .67981 $31956.82732 \quad 12.68796$ 32056.9103412 .69615 $321 \quad 56.9933512 .70439$ $322 \quad 57.07636 \quad 12.71267$ 32357.1593712 .72099 32457.2423812 .72936 $325 \quad 57.3253912 .73778$ $\begin{array}{lll}326 & 57.40839 & 12.74624 \\ 327 & 57.49140 & 12.75475\end{array}$ $328 \quad 57.57440 \quad 12.76330$ $329 \quad 57.65740 \quad 12.77190$ $330 \quad 55.90961 \quad 12.74852$ 33155.9926312 .75656 $\begin{array}{lll}332 & 56.07565 & 12.76464 \\ & & \end{array}$ 33356.1586712 .77277 33456.2416812 .78094 $33556.32470 \quad 12.78915$ $336 \quad 56.40771 \quad 12.79741$ 33756.4907212 .80571 $338 \quad 56.5737312 .81405$ $\begin{array}{lll}339 & 56.65674 & 12.82244 \\ 340 & 56.73975 & 12.83088\end{array}$ 34156.8227512 .83936 $\begin{array}{llll}342 & 56.90575 & 12.84788\end{array}$ 34356.9887512 .85645 34457.0717512 .86507 $345 \quad 57.1547512 .87374$ $346 \quad 57.2377412 .88245$ $347 \quad 57.3207312 .89121$ $348 \quad 57.40372 \quad 12.90001$ $349 \quad 57.48671 \quad 12.90887$ $350 \quad 57.5696912 .91777$ $351 \quad 57.6526812 .92672$


Tabel 11. To eksempler pà hvordan afstanden mellem:skovlene kan bercgnes ud fra spiletiwirerne

## 1. metode

1) En pind, skruenğgle, kniy eller hvad man nu har for händen sattes ind, hvor afstanden mellem wirerne lige svarer tillangden af genstanden. Fra dette punkt finder man ud af: hvor mange gange dette mảl kan ligge langs wiren op til det sted; hyor wirerne gâr sammen.
2) Afstanden mellem skovlene fâs ved at dele wirelangden med xantallet af mảk: Eksempel: Fra det sted pả wirerne, hvor spredningen er 1 skrienggle, er der 5.5 . skruenggle op til hvor wirerne găr saminen.
Wirelangde:
$150 \mathrm{fv}=274 \mathrm{~m}$

Afstand mellem skovle:
$274.5,5=50$ m.


Fig. 33: To metoder til beregning af spileter her illustreret. Det letter udmålingen, hvis wirerne kan samles med et bandsel.

## 2. metode

1) Mâlafstanden mellem wirene 1 meter fra, hvor de går sammen:
2) Afstanden hér ganget med wirelangden giver aftanden mellem skovlene:

Eksenipel: Spredníngen pa 11 meter: $18 \mathrm{~cm}=0,18 \mathrm{~m}$

Wirclangde:
Afstand mellem skovle:
$150 \mathrm{fv}=274 \mathrm{~m}$ $0.18 \times 274=49 \mathrm{~m}$

